

Name: _____

Date: _____

Period _____

Introduction to the Electromagnetic Spectrum

Directions: Use the descriptions below to help locate examples of electromagnetic waves in the Wavestown picture.

Radio waves have the longest wavelength in the electromagnetic spectrum. These waves carry the news, ball games, and music you listen to on the radio. They also carry signals to television sets and cellular phones.

Microwaves have shorter wavelengths than radio waves, which heat the food we eat. They are also used for radar images, like the Doppler radar used in weather forecasts.

There are **infrared waves** with long wavelengths and short wavelengths. Infrared waves with long wavelengths are different from infrared waves with short wavelengths. Infrared waves with long wavelengths can be detected as heat. Your radiator or heater gives off these long infrared waves. We call these thermal infrared or far infrared waves. The sun gives off infrared waves with shorter wavelengths. Plants reflect these waves, also known as near infrared waves.

Visible light waves are the only electromagnetic waves we can see. We see these waves as the colors of the rainbow. Each color has a different wavelength. Red has the longest wavelength and violet has the shortest wavelength. These waves combine to make white light.

Ultraviolet waves have wavelengths shorter than visible light waves. These waves are invisible to the human eye, but some insects can see them. Of the sun's light, the ultraviolet waves are responsible for causing our sunburns.

X-Rays: As wavelengths get smaller, the waves have more energy. X-Rays have smaller wavelengths and therefore more energy than the ultraviolet waves. X-Rays are so powerful that they pass easily through the skin allowing doctors to look at our bones.

Gamma Rays have the smallest wavelength and the most energy of the waves in the electromagnetic spectrum. These waves are generated by radioactive atoms and in nuclear explosions. Gamma rays can kill living cells, but doctors can use gamma rays to kill diseased cells.

Types of Electromagnetic Radiation

